DEPARTMENT OF BRAIN AND COGNITIVE SCIENCES

The study of mind, brain, and behavior has grown in recent years with unprecedented speed. New avenues of approach, opened by developments in the biological and computer sciences, raise the hope that human beings, having achieved considerable mastery over the world around them, may also come closer to an understanding of themselves. The goal of the Department of Brain and Cognitive Sciences is to answer fundamental questions concerning intelligent processes and brain organization. To this end, the department focuses on four themes: molecular and cellular neuroscience, systems neuroscience, cognitive science, and computation. Several members of the department’s faculty are affiliated with two major research centers: the Picower Institute for Learning and Memory and the McGovern Institute for Brain Research.

Research in cellular neuroscience deals with the biology of neurons, emphasizing the special properties of these cells as encoders, transmitters, and processors of information. Departmental researchers apply techniques of contemporary molecular and cellular biology to problems of neuronal development, structure, and function, resulting in a new understanding of the underlying basic components of the nervous system and their interactions. These studies have profound clinical implications, in part by generating a framework for the treatment of neurological and psychiatric disorders. Primary areas of interest include the development and plasticity of neuronal morphology and connectivity, the cellular and molecular bases of behavior in simple neuronal circuits, neurochemistry, and cellular physiology.

In the area of systems neuroscience, departmental investigators use a number of new approaches ranging from computation through electrophysiology to biophysics. Of major interest are the visual and motor systems where the scientific goals are to understand transduction and encoding of sensory stimuli into nerve messages, organization and development of sensorimotor systems, processing of sensorimotor information, and the sensorimotor performance of organisms. Also of major interest is neuromodulatory regulation, where the scientific goal is to understand the effects of rewarding or stressful environments on brain circuits.

In computation and cognitive science, particularly strong interactions exist between the Department of Brain and Cognitive Sciences, the Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence Laboratory, and the Center for Biological and Computational Learning, providing new intellectual approaches in areas including vision and motor control, and biological and computer learning. Computational theories are developed and tested within the framework of neurophysiological, psychological, and other experimental approaches. In the study of vision and motor control, complementary experimental work includes single-cell and multiple-cell neurophysiological recording as well as functional brain imaging. In the area of learning, which is seen as central to intelligent behavior, departmental researchers are working to develop theories of vision, motor control, neural circuitry, and language within an experimental framework.

In cognitive science, human experimentation is combined with formal and computational analyses to understand complex intelligent processes such as language, reasoning, memory, and visual information processing. There are applications in the fields of education, artificial intelligence, human-machine interaction, and in the treatment of language, cognitive, and other disorders.

Subfields in cognitive science include psycholinguistics, comprising sentence and word processing, language acquisition, and aphasia; visual cognition, including reading, imagery, attention, and perception of complex patterns such as faces, objects, and scenes; spatial cognition; memory; and the nature and development of concepts. Another key field is the study of perception—developmental and processing approaches focus on human and machine vision, and how visual images are encoded, stored, and retrieved, with current topics that include motion analysis, stereopsis, perceptual organization, and perceptual similarity. Other research includes functional brain imaging in normal subjects as well as studies of neurologically impaired patients in an attempt to understand brain mechanisms underlying normal human sensation, perception, cognition, action, and affect.

Undergraduate Study

Bachelor of Science in Brain and Cognitive Sciences (Course 9)

Brain science and cognitive science are complementary and interactive in their research objectives. Both approaches examine perception, performance, and intervening processes in humans and animals. Central issues in the discipline include the interpretation of sensory experience; the reception, manipulation, storage, and retrieval of information within the nervous system; and the planning and execution of motor activity. Higher level functions include the development of formal and informal reasoning skills; and the structure, acquisition, use, and internal representation of human language.

The Bachelor of Science in Brain and Cognitive Sciences (http://catalog.mit.edu/degree-charts/brain-cognitive-sciences-course-9) prepares students to pursue advanced degrees or careers in artificial intelligence, machine learning, neuroscience, medicine, cognitive science, psychology, linguistics, philosophy, education research and technology, and human-machine interaction.

Methods of inquiry in the brain and cognitive sciences are drawn from molecular, cellular, and systems neuroscience; cognitive and perceptual psychology; computer science and artificial intelligence; linguistics; philosophy of language and mind; and mathematics. The undergraduate program is designed to provide instruction in the relevant aspects of these various disciplines. The program is administered by an Undergraduate Officer and an Undergraduate
Administrator, consulting as necessary with faculty members from these disciplines who also serve as advisors to majors, helping them select a coherent set of subjects from within the requirements, including a research requirement. Members of the faculty are available to guide the research.

The Brain and Cognitive Sciences (BCS) major incorporates programming and computational skills to meet the increasing demands for those skills in both graduate school and the workforce. The major offers a tiered system of subjects with enough flexibility to allow multiple avenues through the Brain and Cognitive Sciences curriculum, meeting the divergent goals of BCS students. Individual guidance regarding career goals is available from faculty and from Career Advising and Professional Development.

**Minor in Brain and Cognitive Sciences**
The Minor in Brain and Cognitive Sciences consists of six subjects arranged in two levels of study, intended to provide students breadth in the field as a whole and some depth in an area of specialization.

**Core Subjects**
9.00  Introduction to Psychological Science  12
9.01  Introduction to Neuroscience  12
9.40  Introduction to Neural Computation  12

**Specialized Subjects**
Select any combination of three subjects from Tier 2 and/or Tier 3 of the undergraduate degree program:

**Tier 2 Subjects**
9.04  Sensory Systems
9.09[J]  Cellular and Molecular Neurobiology
9.11  The Human Brain
9.15  Neural Circuits, Neuromodulatory, and Neuroendocrine Systems
9.16  Cellular and Synaptic Neurophysiology
9.18[J]  Developmental Neurobiology
9.19  Computational Psycholinguistics
9.21[J]  Cellular Neurophysiology and Computing
9.31  Neurobiology of Learning and Memory
9.35  Perceptual Systems
9.85  Infant and Early Childhood Cognition

**Tier 3 Subjects**
9.24  Disorders and Diseases of the Nervous System

**Graduate Study**
The Department of Brain and Cognitive Sciences offers programs of study leading to the doctoral degree in neuroscience or cognitive science. Areas of research specialization include cellular and molecular neuroscience, systems neuroscience, computation, and cognitive science. The graduate programs are designed to prepare students to pursue careers in research, teaching, or industry.

**Doctor of Philosophy**
The departmental PhD program can normally be completed with four to six years of full-time work, including summers. Institute requirements for the PhD are given in the section on General Degree Requirements (http://catalog.mit.edu/mit/graduate-education/general-degree-requirements). Formal coursework, described below, is intended to prepare the student to pass the general examinations and do original thesis research. The written general examinations will be due in August of the second year.

All students start with first-year intensive core subjects that provide an introduction to brain and cognitive studies from the viewpoint of systems neuroscience, molecular and cellular neuroscience, cognition, and computation. Incoming graduate students are required to take at least two of these subjects but encouraged to take all within the first two years of study. Further coursework will be diversified to give each individual the appropriate background for research in his or her own area.

Coursework in cellular and molecular neuroscience emphasizes the current genetic, molecular, and cellular approaches to biological systems that are necessary to generate advances in neuroscience.

Training in systems neuroscience covers neuroanatomy, neurophysiology, and neurotransmitter chemistry, concentrating on the major sensory, motor, memory, and executive systems in the vertebrate brain. Specific ties to molecular neurobiology or computation may be emphasized, depending upon the research interests of the student.

Coursework for students in computation is intended to give both an understanding of empirical approaches to the study of the brain.
and animal behavior and a theoretical background for analyzing computational aspects of biological information processing.

Candidates studying cognitive science take coursework covering such topics as language processing, language acquisition, cognitive development, natural computation, neural networks, connectionist models, and visual information processing. Students also choose seminars and coursework in linguistics, philosophy, logic, mathematics, or computer science, depending on the individual student's research program.

Graduate students begin a research apprenticeship immediately upon arrival with lab rotations in the first year, after which time advisor choices are made based upon a match of interests. These assignments may change as a student's goals become more focused. At the end of the first year, an advisory committee of two to four faculty members is formed. This committee monitors progress and, with membership changing as necessary, evolves into the thesis committee. Thesis research normally requires 24-48 months of full-time activity after the qualifying examinations have been passed. It is expected that the research embodied in the PhD dissertation be original and significant work, publishable in scientific journals.

Financial Support
Financial assistance is provided to qualified applicants in the form of traineeships, research assistantships, teaching assistantships, and a limited number of fellowships, subject to availability of funds. Prospective students are encouraged to apply for individual fellowships such as those sponsored by the National Science Foundation and the National Defense Science and Engineering Graduate Fellow Program to cover all or part of the cost of their education. The department's financial resources for non-US citizens are limited; international students are strongly encouraged to seek financial assistance for all or part of the cost of their education from non-MIT sources.

Inquiries
For additional information regarding teaching and research programs, contact the Academic Administrator, Department of Brain and Cognitive Sciences, Room 46-2005, 617-253-5741, or visit the department's website (http://web.mit.edu/bcs).

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Assistant Professor of Neuroscience

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Institute Professor Emeritus  
Professor Emeritus of Brain and Cognitive Sciences  
Alan V. Hein, PhD  
Professor Emeritus of Experimental Psychology  
Nelson Yuan-Sheng Kiang, PhD  
Eaton Peabody Professor Emeritus  
Professor Emeritus of Health Sciences and Technology  
Professor Emeritus of Brain and Cognitive Sciences  
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Professor Emeritus of Biology  
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Kenneth Wexler, PhD  
Professor Emeritus of Psychology  
Professor Emeritus of Linguistics  
Richard J. Wurtman, PhD  
Cecil H. Green Distinguished Professor Emeritus  
Professor Emeritus of Neuropharmacology

**9.00 Introduction to Psychological Science**
Prereq: None  
U (Spring)  
4-0-8 units. HASS-S  
A survey of the scientific study of human nature, including how the mind works, and how the brain supports the mind. Topics include the mental and neural bases of perception, emotion, learning, memory, cognition, child development, personality, psychopathology, and social interaction. Consideration of how such knowledge relates to debates about nature and nurture, free will, consciousness, human differences, self, and society.  
*J. D. Gabrieli*

**9.01 Introduction to Neuroscience**
Prereq: None  
U (Fall)  
4-0-8 units. REST  
Introduction to the mammalian nervous system, with emphasis on the structure and function of the human brain. Topics include the function of nerve cells, sensory systems, control of movement, learning and memory, and diseases of the brain.  
*M. Bear*
9.011 Systems Neuroscience
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
6-0-12 units
Survey of brain and behavioral studies. Examines principles underlying the structure and function of the nervous system, with a focus on systems approaches. Topics include development of the nervous system and its connections, sensory systems of the brain, the motor system, higher cortical functions, and behavioral and cellular analyses of learning and memory. Preference to first-year graduate students in BCS.
R. Desimone, E. K. Miller

9.012 Cognitive Science
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
6-0-12 units
Intensive survey of cognitive science. Topics include visual perception, language, memory, cognitive architecture, learning, reasoning, decision-making, and cognitive development. Topics covered from behavioral, computational, and neural perspectives.
E. Gibson, P. Sinha, J. Tenenbaum

9.013[J] Molecular and Cellular Neuroscience Core II
Same subject as 7.68[J]
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
3-0-9 units
Survey and primary literature review of major areas in molecular and cellular neurobiology. Covers neurogenomics, nervous system formation, axonal pathfinding, cytoskeletal regulation, synapse formation, neurotransmitter release, and cellular neurophysiology. Includes lectures and weekly paper write-ups, together with student presentations and discussion of primary literature. A final two-page research write-up is also due at the end of the term.
J. T. Littleton, H. Sive

9.014 Quantitative Methods and Computational Models in Neurosciences
Prereq: None
G (Fall)
3-1-8 units
Provides theoretical background and practical skills needed to analyze and model neurobiological observations at the molecular, systems and cognitive levels. Develops an intuitive understanding of mathematical tools and computational techniques which students apply to analyze, visualize and model research data using MATLAB programming. Topics include linear systems and operations, dimensionality reduction (e.g., PCA), Bayesian approaches, descriptive and generative models, classification and clustering, and dynamical systems. Limited to 18; priority to current BCS Graduate students
M. Jazayeri, D. Zysman

9.015[J] Molecular and Cellular Neuroscience Core I
Same subject as 7.65[J]
Prereq: None
G (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Survey and primary literature review of major topic areas in molecular and cellular neurobiology. Covers neurogenomics, nervous system formation, axonal pathfinding, cytoskeletal regulation, synapse formation, neurotransmitter release, and cellular neurophysiology. Includes lectures and weekly paper write-ups, together with student presentations and discussion of primary literature. A final two-page research write-up is also due at the end of the term.
J. T. Littleton, H. Sive

Same subject as HST.714[J]
Prereq: (6.003 and 8.03) or permission of instructor
G (Fall)
4-0-8 units
See description under subject HST.714[J].
S. S. Ghosh, H. H. Nakajima
**9.017 Neural Mechanisms of Cognitive Computations (New)**
Prereq: 18.06 or (9.011 and 9.014)
G (Spring)
2-2-8 units

Focuses on forebrain systems that are most closely associated with cognition (cortex, thalamus, and basal ganglia) as well as on describing neural circuits as parametric objects that are hierarchical in nature, and whose operations can have biophysical interpretations. Uses parametric behavior to discover circuit parameters and define circuit form in a cognitive context. Divided into five modules in the following order: sensory systems, motor systems, associative systems (memory and decision making), basal ganglia loops, and single neuron computations (dendritic integration, plasticity rules). Discusses biophysical mechanisms in the first half of the term and problem sets/student-led discussions in the second half.

*M. Halassa*

**9.021[J] Cellular Neurophysiology and Computing**
Same subject as 2.794[J], 6.521[J], 20.470[J], HST.541[J]
Subject meets with 2.791[J], 6.021[J], 9.21[J], 20.370[J]
Prereq: Physics II (GIR), 18.03, and (2.005, 6.002, 6.003, 10.301, 20.110[J], or permission of instructor)
G (Fall)
5-2-5 units

See description under subject 6.521[J].

*J. Han, T. Heldt*

**9.04 Sensory Systems**
Prereq: 9.01 or permission of instructor
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: U (Spring)
3-0-9 units

Examines the neural bases of sensory perception. Focuses on physiological and anatomical studies of the mammalian nervous system as well as behavioral studies of animals and humans. Topics include visual pattern, color and depth perception, auditory responses and sound localization, olfactory and somatosensory perception.

*G. Choi*

**9.07 Statistics for Brain and Cognitive Science**
Prereq: 6.00
U (Fall)
4-0-8 units

Provides students with the basic tools for analyzing experimental data, properly interpreting statistical reports in the literature, and reasoning under uncertain situations. Topics organized around three key theories: probability, statistical, and the linear model. Probability theory covers axioms of probability, discrete and continuous probability models, law of large numbers, and the Central Limit Theorem. Statistical theory covers estimation, likelihood theory, Bayesian methods, bootstrap and other Monte Carlo methods, as well as hypothesis testing, confidence intervals, elementary design of experiments principles and goodness-of-fit. The linear model theory covers the simple regression model and the analysis of variance. Places equal emphasis on theory, data analyses, and simulation studies.

*E. N. Brown*

**9.073[J] Statistics for Neuroscience Research**
Same subject as HST.460[J]
Prereq: Permission of instructor
Acad Year 2018-2019: G (Spring)
Acad Year 2019-2020: Not offered
3-0-9 units

A survey of statistical methods for neuroscience research. Core topics include introductions to the theory of point processes, the generalized linear model, Monte Carlo methods, Bayesian methods, multivariate methods, time-series analysis, spectral analysis and state-space modeling. Emphasis on developing a firm conceptual understanding of the statistical paradigm and statistical methods primarily through analyses of actual experimental data.

*E. N. Brown*

**9.09[J] Cellular and Molecular Neurobiology**
Same subject as 7.29[J]
Prereq: 7.05 or 9.01
U (Spring)
4-0-8 units

See description under subject 7.29[J].

*T. Littleton, M. Heiman*
9.10 Cognitive Neuroscience
Prereq: 9.01
U (Spring)
Not offered regularly; consult department
3-0-9 units
Explores the cognitive and neural processes that support attention, vision, language, social cognition, music understanding, emotion, motor control, and memory. Begins with the fundamental behavioral phenomena, then progresses to models based on brain systems in humans and animals, and ultimately models based on populations of neurons. Includes examples of clinical conditions and case studies in patients. Students prepare presentations summarizing journal articles.
R. Desimone, E. K. Miller

9.110[J] Nonlinear Control
Same subject as 2.152[J]
Prereq: 2.151, 6.241[J], 16.31, or permission of instructor
G (Spring)
3-0-9 units
See description under subject 2.152[J].
J.-J. E. Slotine

9.12 Experimental Molecular Neurobiology
Prereq: Biology (GIR) and 9.01
U (Spring)
2-4-6 units. Institute LAB
Experimental techniques in cellular and molecular neurobiology. Designed for students without previous experience in techniques of cellular and molecular biology. Experimental approaches include DNA manipulation, molecular cloning, protein biochemistry, dissection and culture of brain cells, synaptic protein analysis, immunocytochemistry, and fluorescent microscopy. One lab session plus one paper review session per week. Instruction and practice in written communication provided. Limited to 22 due to lab capacity.
G. Choi

9.123[J] Neurotechnology in Action
Same subject as 20.203[J]
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
3-6-3 units
Offers a fast-paced introduction to numerous laboratory methods at the forefront of modern neurobiology. Comprises a sequence of modules focusing on neurotechnologies that are developed and used by MIT research groups. Each module consists of a background lecture and 1-2 days of firsthand laboratory experience. Topics typically include optical imaging, optogenetics, high throughput neurobiology, MRI/fMRI, advanced electrophysiology, viral and genetic tools, and connectomics.
E. Boyden, M. Jonas

9.13 The Human Brain (New)
Prereq: 9.00, 9.01, or permission of instructor
U (Spring)
3-0-9 units
Surveys the core perceptual and cognitive abilities of the human mind and asks how these are implemented in the brain. Key themes include the functional organization of the cortex, as well as the representations and computations, developmental origins, and degree of functional specificity of particular cortical regions. Emphasizes the methods available in human cognitive neuroscience, and what inferences can and cannot be drawn from each.
N. Kanwisher

9.14 Brain Structure and its Origins
Prereq: 9.01
U (Spring)
Not offered regularly; consult department
3-0-9 units
Provides an introduction to functional neuroanatomy with a focus on mammals, aided by studies of comparative neuroanatomy and evolution and of brain development. Topics include early steps to a central nervous system, basic patterns of brain and spinal cord connections, regional development and differentiation, regeneration, motor and sensory pathways and structures, systems underlying motivations, innate action patterns, formation of habits, and various cognitive functions. Review of lab techniques. Optional brain dissections.
G. E. Schneider
9.15 Neural Circuits, Neuromodulatory, and Neuroendocrine Systems
Prereq: 7.29[J], 9.01, or permission of instructor
U (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Studies how neural circuits give rise to behavior, and how neuromodulatory systems and pharmacological intervention can influence these processes. Lectures and selected publications cover the fundamentals of neuropharmacology, neuromodulatory systems, and approaches to understand circuit mechanisms. Provides a historical view of various neurotransmitter or neuromodulatory systems as well as an understanding of how research is conducted at the forefront of neuroscience today. Instruction and practice in oral and written communication provided. Students present a primary research article and also submit a research proposal which they have the opportunity to revise based on feedback.
K. Tye

9.16 Cellular and Synaptic Neurophysiology
Subject meets with 9.160
Prereq: 9.40
U (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Surveys the mechanisms of neuronal communication. Covers ion channels in excitable membrane, single cell computation, synaptic transmission, and synaptic plasticity. Correlates the properties of ion channels and synaptic transmission with their physiological function. Discusses the organizational principles for the formation of functional neural networks at synaptic and cellular levels. Involves discussion of primary literature. Students taking graduate version complete additional assignments.
W. Xu

9.160 Cellular and Synaptic Neurophysiology
Subject meets with 9.16
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Surveys the mechanisms of neuronal communication. Covers ion channels in excitable membrane, single cell computation, synaptic transmission, and synaptic plasticity. Correlates the properties of ion channels and synaptic transmission with their physiological function. Discusses the organizational principles for the formation of functional neural networks at synaptic and cellular levels. Involves discussion of primary literature. Students taking graduate version complete additional assignments.
W. Xu

9.17 Systems Neuroscience Laboratory
Prereq: 7.29[J], 9.40, or permission of instructor; Coreq: 9.07
U (Fall)
2-4-6 units. Institute LAB
Consists of a series of laboratories designed to give students experience with basic techniques for conducting systems neuroscience research. Includes sessions on anatomical, neurophysiological, and data acquisition and analysis techniques, and how these techniques are used to study nervous system function. Involves the use of experimental animals. Assignments include weekly preparation for lab sessions, two major lab reports and a series of basic computer programming tutorials (MATLAB). Instruction and practice in written communication provided. Enrollment limited.
M. Harnett, S. Flavell

9.175[J] Robotics
Same subject as 2.165[J]
Prereq: 2.151 or permission of instructor
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: G (Spring)
3-0-9 units
See description under subject 2.165[J].
J.-J. E. Slotine, H. Asada

9.18[J] Developmental Neurobiology
Same subject as 7.49[J]
Subject meets with 7.69[J], 9.181[J]
Prereq: 7.03, 7.05, 9.01, or permission of instructor
U (Spring)
3-0-9 units
Considers molecular control of neural specification, formation of neuronal connections, construction of neural systems, and the contributions of experience to shaping brain structure and function. Topics include: neural induction and pattern formation, cell lineage and fate determination, neuronal migration, axon guidance, synapse formation and stabilization, activity-dependent development and critical periods, development of behavior. Students taking graduate version complete additional readings that will be addressed in their mid-term and final exams.
E. Nedivi, M. Heiman
9.181[J] Developmental Neurobiology
Same subject as 7.69[J]
Subject meets with 7.49[J], 9.18[J]
Prereq: 9.011 or permission of instructor
G (Spring)
3-0-9 units

Considers molecular control of neural specification, formation of neuronal connections, construction of neural systems, and the contributions of experience to shaping brain structure and function. Topics include: neural induction and pattern formation, cell lineage and fate determination, neuronal migration, axon guidance, synapse formation and stabilization, activity-dependent development and critical periods, development of behavior. In addition to final exam, analysis and presentation of research papers required for final grade. Students taking graduate version complete additional assignments. Students taking graduate version complete additional readings that will be addressed in their mid-term and final exams.

E. Nedivi, M. Heiman

9.19 Computational Psycholinguistics
Subject meets with 9.190
Prereq: (6.00 and (6.041B, 9.40, or 24.900)) or permission of instructor
U (Spring)
3-0-9 units

Introduces computational approaches to natural language processing and acquisition by humans and machines, combining symbolic and probabilistic modeling techniques. Covers models such as n-grams, finite state automata, and context-free and mildly context-sensitive grammars, for analyzing phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, pragmatics, and larger document structure. Applications range from accurate document classification and sentence parsing by machine to modeling human language acquisition and real-time understanding. Covers both theory and contemporary computational tools and datasets. Students taking graduate version complete additional assignments.

R. P. Levy

9.20 Animal Behavior
Prereq: 9.00
U (Fall)
Not offered regularly; consult department
3-0-9 units. HASS-S

Reviews studies of animal behavior to stress major ideas and principles, with emphasis on concepts developed in ethology and sociobiology. Examines foraging and feeding, defensive and aggressive behavior, courtship and reproduction, migration and navigation, as well as various social activities and communication. Considers inherited abilities, motivational systems and motor patterns, together with influences of various types of learning. Reviews both field and laboratory studies, and considers human behavior in the context of primate studies.

G. E. Schneider

9.21[J] Cellular Neurophysiology and Computing
Same subject as 2.791[J], 6.021[J], 20.370[J]
Subject meets with 2.794[J], 6.521[J], 9.021[J], 20.470[J], HST.541[J]
Prereq: Physics II (GIR), 18.03, and (2.005, 6.002, 6.003, 10.301, 20.110[J], or permission of instructor)
U (Fall)
5-2-5 units

See description under subject 6.021[J]. Preference to juniors and seniors.

J. Han, T. Heldt
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Prerequisites</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tr>
<td>9.24</td>
<td>Disorders and Diseases of the Nervous System</td>
<td>Prereq: 7.29[J], 9.00, and 9.01</td>
<td>3-0-9</td>
<td>Topics examined include regional functional anatomy of the CNS; brain systems and circuits; neurodevelopmental disorders including autism; neuropsychiatric disorders such as schizophrenia; neurodegenerative diseases such as Parkinson's and Alzheimer's; autoimmune disorders such as multiple sclerosis; gliomas. Emphasis on diseases for which a molecular mechanism is understood. Diagnostic criteria, clinical and pathological findings, genetics, model systems, pathophysiology, and treatment are discussed for individual disorders and diseases. Limited to 18. M. Sur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.26[J]</td>
<td>Principles and Applications of Genetic Engineering for Biotechnology and Neuroscience</td>
<td>Same subject as 20.205[J]</td>
<td>3-0-9</td>
<td>Covers principles underlying current and future genetic engineering approaches, ranging from single cellular organisms to whole animals. Focuses on development and invention of technologies for engineering biological systems at the genomic level, and applications of engineered biological systems for medical and biotechnological needs, with particular emphasis on genetic manipulation of the nervous system. Design projects by students. F. Zhang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.272[J]</td>
<td>Topics in Neural Signal Processing</td>
<td>Same subject as HST.576[J]</td>
<td>3-0-9</td>
<td>Presents signal processing and statistical methods used to study neural systems and analyze neurophysiological data. Topics include state-space modeling formulated using the Bayesian Chapman-Kolmogorov system, theory of point processes, EM algorithm, Bayesian and sequential Monte Carlo methods. Applications include dynamic analyses of neural encoding, neural spike train decoding, studies of neural receptive field plasticity, algorithms for neural prosthetic control, EEG and MEG source localization. Students should know introductory probability theory and statistics. E. N. Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.28</td>
<td>Current Topics in Developmental Neurobiology</td>
<td>Prereq: None. Coreq: 9.18[J]</td>
<td>3-0-6</td>
<td>Considers recent advances in the field of developmental neurobiology based on primary research articles that address molecular control of neural specification, formation of neuronal connections, construction of neural systems, and the contributions of experience to shaping brain structure and function. Also considers new techniques and methodologies as applied to the field. Students critically analyze articles and prepare concise and informative presentations based on their content. Instruction and practice in written and oral communication provided. Requires class participation, practice sessions, and presentations. E. Nedivi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.301[J]</td>
<td>Neural Plasticity in Learning and Memory</td>
<td>Prereq: Permission of instructor</td>
<td>3-0-6</td>
<td>Examination of the role of neural plasticity during learning and memory of invertebrates and mammals. Detailed critical analysis of the current literature of molecular, cellular, genetic, electrophysiological, and behavioral studies. Student-directed presentations and discussions of original papers supplemented by introductory lectures. Juniors and seniors require instructor’s permission. S. Tonegawa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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9.31 Neurobiology of Learning and Memory
Prereq: 9.01
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: U (Fall)
4-0-8 units
Surveys the mechanisms supporting plasticity in neurons, focusing on how it contributes to learning in several systems. Examines cellular forms of associative plasticity, including long-term potentiation and depression, homeostatic plasticity, and depotentiation. Relates these phenomena to associative memory in animal systems and humans.

9.32 Genes, Circuits, and Behavior
Prereq: 7.29[J], 9.16, 9.18[J], or permission of instructor
U (Spring)
3-0-9 units
Focuses on understanding molecular and cellular mechanisms of circuitry development, function and plasticity, and their relevance to normal and abnormal behaviors/psychiatric disorders. Highlights cutting-edge technologies for neuroscience research. Students build professional skills through presentations and critical evaluation of original research papers.

G. Feng

9.34[J] Biomechanics and Neural Control of Movement
Same subject as 2.183[J]
Subject meets with 2.184
Prereq: 2.004 or permission of instructor
G (Spring)
3-0-9 units
See description under subject 2.183[J].

N. Hogan

9.35 Perception
Prereq: (9.00 and 9.01) or permission of instructor
U (Spring)
4-0-8 units
Studies how the senses work and how physical stimuli are transformed into signals in the nervous system. Examines how the brain uses those signals to make inferences about the world, and uses illusions and demonstrations to gain insight into those inferences. Emphasizes audition and vision, with some discussion of touch, taste, and smell. Provides experience with psychophysical methods.

J. McDermott

9.37 Current Topics in Perception
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
2-0-7 units
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced seminar on issues of current interest in human and machine vision. Topics vary from year to year. Participants discuss current literature as well as their ongoing research.
E. H. Adelson

9.40 Introduction to Neural Computation
Prereq: (Physics II (GIR), 6.00, and 9.01) or permission of instructor
U (Spring)
4-0-8 units
Introduces quantitative approaches to understanding brain and cognitive functions. Topics include mathematical description of neurons, the response of neurons to sensory stimuli, simple neuronal networks, statistical inference and decision making. Also covers foundational quantitative tools of data analysis in neuroscience: correlation, convolution, spectral analysis, principal components analysis. Mathematical concepts include simple differential equations and linear algebra.

M. Fee

9.42 The Brain and Its Interface with the Body
Prereq: 7.28, 7.29[J], or permission of instructor
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: U (Spring)
3-0-9 units
Covers a range of topics, such as brain-immune system interaction, the gut-brain axis, and bioengineering approaches for studying the brain and its interactions with different organs. Explores how these interactions may be involved in nervous system disease processes.

F. Zhang
9.422[J] Principles of Neuroengineering
Same subject as 20.452[J], MAS.881[J]
Subject meets with 20.352
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
3-0-9 units
See description under subject MAS.881[J].
E. S. Boyden, III

9.455[J] Revolutionary Ventures: How to Invent and Deploy Transformative Technologies
Same subject as 15.128[J], 20.454[J], MAS.883[J]
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
2-0-7 units
See description under subject MAS.883[J].
E. Boyden, J. Bonsen, J. Jacobson

9.46 Neuroscience of Morality
Prereq: 9.00, 9.01, and (9.13 or 9.85)
U (Fall)
5-0-7 units. HASS-S
Advanced seminar that covers both classic and cutting-edge primary literature from psychology and the neuroscience of morality. Addresses questions about how the human brain decides which actions are morally right or wrong (including neural mechanisms of empathy and self-control), how such brain systems develop over childhood and differ across individuals and cultures, and how they are affected by brain diseases (such as psychopathy, autism, tumors, or addiction). Instruction and practice in written and oral communication provided. Limited to 24.
R. Saxe

9.48[J] Philosophical Issues in Brain Science
Same subject as 24.08[J]
Prereq: None
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: U (Fall)
3-0-9 units. HASS-H; CI-H
See description under subject 24.08[J].
E. J. Green

9.50 Research in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: 9.00 and permission of instructor
U (Fall, Spring)
0-12-0 units
Can be repeated for credit.
Laboratory research in brain and cognitive science, using physiological, anatomical, pharmacological, developmental, behavioral, and computational methods. Each student carries out an experimental study under the direction of a member of the faculty. Project must be approved in advance by the faculty supervisor and the Director of the Undergraduate Program. Written presentation of results is required.
Consult L. Schulz

9.520[J] Statistical Learning Theory and Applications
Same subject as 6.860[J]
Prereq: 6.041B, 6.867, 18.06, or permission of instructor
G (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Provides students with the knowledge needed to use and develop advanced machine learning solutions to challenging problems. Covers foundations and recent advances of machine learning in the framework of statistical learning theory. Focuses on regularization techniques key to high-dimensional supervised learning. Starting from classical methods such as regularization networks and support vector machines, addresses state-of-the-art techniques based on principles such as geometry or sparsity, and discusses a variety of algorithms for supervised learning, feature selection, structured prediction, and multitask learning. Also focuses on unsupervised learning of data representations, with an emphasis on hierarchical (deep) architectures.
T. Poggio, L. Rosasco

Same subject as 6.864[J]
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Integrates neuroscience, cognitive and computer science to explore the nature of intelligence, how it is produced by the brain, and how it can be replicated in machines. Discusses an array of current research connected through an overarching theme of how it contributes to a computational account of how humans analyze dynamic visual imagery to understand objects and actions in the world.
T. Poggio, S. Ullman
**9.53 Emergent Computations Within Distributed Neural Circuits (New)**
Subject meets with 9.530
Prereq: 9.40 or permission of instructor
U (Spring)
3-0-9 units
Addresses the fundamental scientific question of how the human brain still outperforms the best computer algorithms in most domains of sensory, motor and cognitive function, as well as the parallel and distributed nature of neural processing (as opposed to the serial organization of computer architectures/algorithms) required to answer it. Explores the biologically plausible computational mechanisms and principles that underlie neural computing, such as competitive and unsupervised learning rules, attractor networks, self-organizing feature maps, content-addressable memory, expansion recoding, the stability-plasticity dilemma, the role of lateral and top-down feedback in neural systems, the role of noise in neural computing. Students taking graduate version complete additional assignments.
R. Ajemian

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**9.530 Emergent Computations Within Distributed Neural Circuits (New)**
Subject meets with 9.53
Prereq: 9.40 or permission of instructor
G (Spring)
3-0-9 units
Addresses the fundamental scientific question of how the human brain still outperforms the best computer algorithms in most domains of sensory, motor and cognitive function, as well as the parallel and distributed nature of neural processing (as opposed to the serial organization of computer architectures/algorithms) required to answer it. Explores the biologically plausible computational mechanisms and principles that underlie neural computing, such as competitive and unsupervised learning rules, attractor networks, self-organizing feature maps, content-addressable memory, expansion recoding, the stability-plasticity dilemma, the role of lateral and top-down feedback in neural systems, the role of noise in neural computing. Students taking graduate version complete additional assignments.
R. Ajemian

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**9.583[J] Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging: Data Acquisition and Analysis**
Same subject as HST.583[J]
Prereq: 18.05 and (18.06 or permission of instructor)
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: G (Fall)
2-3-7 units
See description under subject HST.583[J].
S. Whitfield-Gabrieli, J. Polimeni, A. Yendiki

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**9.59[J] Laboratory in Psycholinguistics**
Same subject as 24.905[J]
Prereq: 9.00 or 24.900
U (Spring)
3-3-6 units. Institute LAB
Hands-on experience designing, conducting, analyzing, and presenting experiments on the structure and processing of human language. Focuses on constructing, conducting, analyzing, and presenting an original and independent experimental project of publishable quality. Develops skills in reading and writing scientific research reports in cognitive science, including evaluating the methods section of a published paper, reading and understanding graphical displays and statistical claims about data, and evaluating theoretical claims based on experimental data. Instruction and practice in oral and written communication provided.
E. Gibson

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**9.60 Machine-Motivated Human Vision**
Prereq: 9.00 and 9.07
U (Spring)
2-1-9 units. Institute LAB
Explores how studies of human vision can be motivated by, and enhance the capabilities of, machine-based systems. Considers the twin questions of how the performance of state-of-the-art machine vision systems compares with that of humans, and what kinds of strategies the human visual system uses in tasks where human performance exceeds that of machines. Includes presentations by engineers from companies with significant engineering efforts in vision. Based on these presentations, students define and conduct studies to address the two aforementioned questions and present their results to the public at the end of the term. Directed towards students interested in exploring vision from computational, experimental and practical perspectives. Provides instruction and practice in written and oral communication.
P. Sinha
9.601[J] Language Acquisition I
Same subject as 24.949[J]
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
3-0-6 units
Lectures, reading, and discussion of current theory and data concerning the psychology and biology of language acquisition. Emphasizes learning of syntax, semantics, and morphology, together with some discussion of phonology, and especially research relating grammatical theory and learnability theory to empirical studies of children.
M. Hackl

9.611[J] Natural Language and the Computer Representation of Knowledge
Same subject as 6.863[J]
Prereq: 6.034
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: G (Spring)
3-3-6 units
See description under subject 6.863[J].
R. C. Berwick

9.65 Cognitive Processes
Prereq: 9.00
U (Spring)
Not offered regularly; consult department
3-0-9 units. HASS-S
Introduction to human information processing and learning. Topics include the nature of mental representation and processing, memory and learning, pattern recognition, attention, imagery and mental codes, concepts and prototypes, as well as reasoning and problem-solving.
Staff

Same subject as 6.804[J]
Subject meets with 9.660
Prereq: 6.008, 6.036, 6.041B, 9.40, 18.05, or permission of instructor
U (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Introduction to computational theories of human cognition. Focus on principles of inductive learning and inference, and the representation of knowledge. Computational frameworks covered include Bayesian and hierarchical Bayesian models; probabilistic graphical models; nonparametric statistical models and the Bayesian Occam’s razor; sampling algorithms for approximate learning and inference; and probabilistic models defined over structured representations such as first-order logic, grammars, or relational schemas. Applications to understanding core aspects of cognition, such as concept learning and categorization, causal reasoning, theory formation, language acquisition, and social inference. Graduate students complete a final project.
J. Tenenbaum

9.660 Computational Cognitive Science
Subject meets with 6.804[J], 9.66[J]
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
3-0-9 units
Introduction to computational theories of human cognition. Focuses on principles of inductive learning and inference, and the representation of knowledge. Computational frameworks include Bayesian and hierarchical Bayesian models, probabilistic graphical models, nonparametric statistical models and the Bayesian Occam’s razor, sampling algorithms for approximate learning and inference, and probabilistic models defined over structured representations such as first-order logic, grammars, or relational schemas. Applications to understanding core aspects of cognition, such as concept learning and categorization, causal reasoning, theory formation, language acquisition, and social inference. Graduate students complete a final project.
J. Tenenbaum
9.71 Functional MRI Investigations of the Human Brain
Prereq: 9.07, 18.05, or permission of instructor
U (Fall)
Not offered regularly; consult department
3-0-9 units

Covers design and interpretation of fMRI experiments, and the relationship between fMRI and other techniques. Focuses on localization of cognitive function in the human brain. Students write papers and give presentations, explain and critique published papers, and design but do not conduct their own fMRI experiments. Upon completion, students should be able to understand and critique published fMRI papers and have a good grasp of what is known about localization of cognitive function from fMRI. Limited to 12.

Staff

9.77 Computational Perception
Prereq: 9.00, 9.40, and (9.35 or 9.65)
U (Spring)
Not offered regularly; consult department
3-0-9 units

Begins with a review of the experimental paradigms, findings and theories used to evaluate the capabilities and limits of human visual perception. Assesses how knowledge of human perception may be used to guide machine vision systems. Second part of the subject focuses on models in computational perception. Describes how computer vision systems can perform image analysis and synthesis; face, object and scene perception; texture synthesis, segmentation, and navigation. Introduces various simulation methods. A MATLAB-based project in computational perception is required. Limited to 8.

E. Adelson

9.822[J] Psychology and Economics
Same subject as 14.137[J]
Prereq: None
G (Spring)
4-0-8 units

See description under subject 14.137[J].

D. Prelec

9.85 Infant and Early Childhood Cognition
Prereq: 9.00
U (Fall)
3-0-9 units. HASS-S

Introduction to cognitive development focusing on childrens' understanding of objects, agents, and causality. Develops a critical understanding of experimental design. Discusses how developmental research might address philosophical questions about the origins of knowledge, appearance and reality, and the problem of other minds. Provides instruction and practice in written communication as necessary to research in cognitive science (including critical reviews of journal papers, a literature review and an original research proposal), as well as instruction and practice in oral communication in the form of a poster presentation of a journal paper.

L. Schulz

9.89 Off-Campus Undergraduate Research in Brain and Cognitive Sciences (New)
Prereq: None
U (Fall, IAP, Spring)
Units arranged

For Brain and Cognitive Sciences undergraduates participating in curriculum-related research off-campus. Before enrolling, students must consult the BCS Academic Office for details on procedures and restrictions, and have approval from their faculty advisor. Subject to departmental approval. Upon completion, the off-campus supervisor will provide an evaluation of the student’s work. The student must also submit a write-up of the experience, approved by the MIT supervisor.

Staff

9.90 Practical Experience in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
U (Summer)
0-1-0 units

For Brain and Cognitive Sciences undergraduates participating in curriculum-related off-campus professional experiences. Before enrolling, students must consult the BCS Academic Office for details on procedures and restrictions, and have approval from their faculty advisor. Subject to departmental approval. Upon completion, the student must submit a write-up of the experience, approved by the MIT supervisor.

Staff
9.900 Clinical Connection Module (New)
G (Fall, IAP, Spring)
0-1-0 units
Can be repeated for credit.

Provides students the opportunity to connect their core neuroscience training to clinical experience (pathogenesis, diagnosis, management and therapeutic clinical trials of nervous system diseases). Students attend, along with Harvard faculty, fellows, residents and medical students at Massachusetts General Hospital, clinical seminars at MGH conducted by clinical and basic science faculty of Harvard Medical School. Each clinical experience is one week in length; students have the option to attend up to four seminars in their individual week chosen from: neuroradiology, neuropathology, neurodegenerative diseases, epilepsy, movement disorders, psychiatry, neuropsychiatric diseases and behavioral neurology, and functional neurosurgery. Seminars are followed by one-on-one discussion with instructor to connect the clinical experience with parallel course material on the neurobiology of disease.

T. Byrne

9.901 Responsible Conduct in Science
Prereq: None
G (IAP)
1-0-1 units
Provides instruction and dialogue on practical ethical issues relating to the responsible conduct of human and animal research in the brain and cognitive sciences. Specific emphasis on topics relevant to young researchers including data handling, animal and human subjects, misconduct, mentoring, intellectual property, and publication. Preliminary assigned readings and initial faculty lecture followed by discussion groups of four to five students each. A short written summary of the discussions submitted at the end of each class. See IAP Guide for registration information.

M. Wilson

9.91 Independent Study in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: 9.00 and any other two subjects in Brain and Cognitive Sciences; Coreq: permission of instructor
U (Fall, IAP, Spring)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.

Individual study of a topic under the direction of a member of the faculty.

Consult Staff

9.919 Teaching Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: None
G (Fall, Spring)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.

For teaching assistants in Brain and Cognitive Sciences, in cases where teaching assignment is approved for academic credit by the department.

Staff

9.921 Research in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall, Spring, Summer)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.

Guided research under the sponsorship of individual members of the faculty. Ordinarily restricted to candidates for the doctoral degree in Course 9.

Staff

9.941 Graduate Thesis Proposal
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall, Spring, Summer)
Units arranged [P/D/F]
Can be repeated for credit.

Students submit written proposals for thesis according to stated deadlines.

Staff

9.97 Introduction to Neuroanatomy
Prereq: None
U (IAP)
1-0-0 units
Intensive introduction to neuroanatomy that consists of lectures, demonstrations, and interactive laboratories, including a brain dissection. No prior knowledge of neuroanatomy required, although general knowledge of brain structures is helpful. Pre-register on WebSIS; must attend first class. Limited to 100.

R. Ellis-Behnke
9.S51 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: 9.00 and any other two subjects in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: U (Fall)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Undergraduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
I. Pepperberg

9.S52 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: 9.00 and any other two subjects in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
U (Fall)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Undergraduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
P. Sinha

9.S911 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
Units arranged [P/D/F]
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum. 9.S911 is graded P/D/F.
N. G. Kanwisher

9.S912 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
L. Schulz

9.S913 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
R. P. Levy, N. Feldman, R. Katzir

9.S914 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
Staff

9.S915 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
Acad Year 2018-2019: Not offered
Acad Year 2019-2020: G (Fall)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
Staff

9.S916 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
P. Sinha

9.S917 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
J. DiCarlo

9.S918 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Spring)
Units arranged [P/D/F]
Can be repeated for credit.
Advanced graduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum. 9.S918 is graded P/D/F.
J. DiCarlo

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9.592 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: 9.00
U (Fall, IAP, Spring)
Not offered regularly; consult department
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Undergraduate study in brain and cognitive sciences; covers material not offered in regular curriculum.
Consult Staff

9.593-9.599 Special Subject in Brain and Cognitive Sciences
Prereq: None
U (Spring)
Units arranged [P/D/F]
For undergraduate study in brain and cognitive sciences during Independent Activities Period; covers material not offered in regular curriculum. See IAP Guide for details.
Staff

9.THG Graduate Thesis
Prereq: Permission of instructor
G (Fall, IAP, Spring, Summer)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Program of research leading to the writing of a Ph.D. thesis; to be arranged by the student and an appropriate MIT faculty member.
Staff

9.UR Undergraduate Research
Prereq: None
U (Fall, IAP, Spring, Summer)
Units arranged [P/D/F]
Can be repeated for credit.
Individual participation in an ongoing research project.
Staff

9.URG Undergraduate Research
Prereq: None
U (Fall, IAP, Spring, Summer)
Units arranged
Can be repeated for credit.
Individual participation in an ongoing research project.
Consult Staff